INFRA LAB

VISUALIZATION AND VIRTUAL REALITY LAB

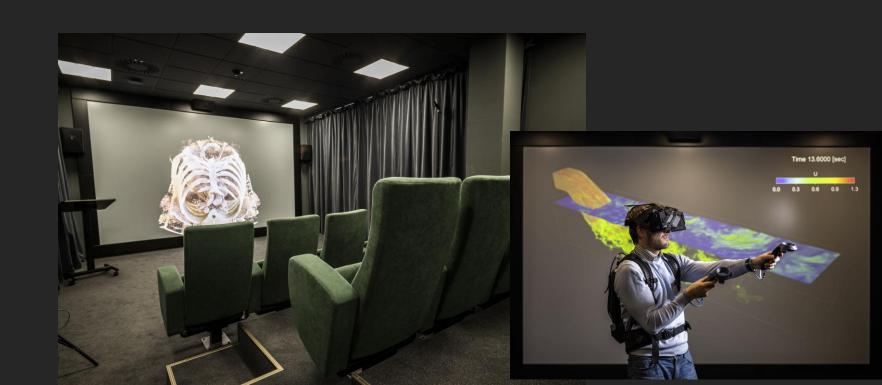
Visualization of scientific calculations.

The cinema with 3D projection wall.

Virtual reality.

Computer Vision

- Neural networks
- Image segmentation
- 3D reconstruction
- Blender



Authentication of Holograms with Al

INNOVATIVE APPROACH TO SECURE PERSONAL DOCUMENTS

Ing. Petra Svobodová, Ph.D.



What are holograms



- Each document is equipped with a security holographic element
- Micro-metallic structures randomly distributed to uniquely identify document
- Holograms change appearance with lighting, angle, and camera type
- Non-reproducible

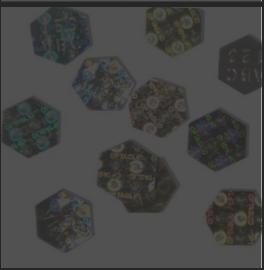
HOLOGRAMS ARE DESIGNED TO BE HARD TO FORGE – BUT THE IRONY IS, THEY'RE ALSO HARD TO VERIFY WITHOUT THE RIGHT TOOLS

Why holograms matter

- Holograms are widely used in ID cards, passports, banknotes, and certificates as visual security features
- An example of a successful security holographic structure on documents and precious metals is the kinegram and kinebar









KINEGRAM

Goals of the Project



Visual security of documents by holograms



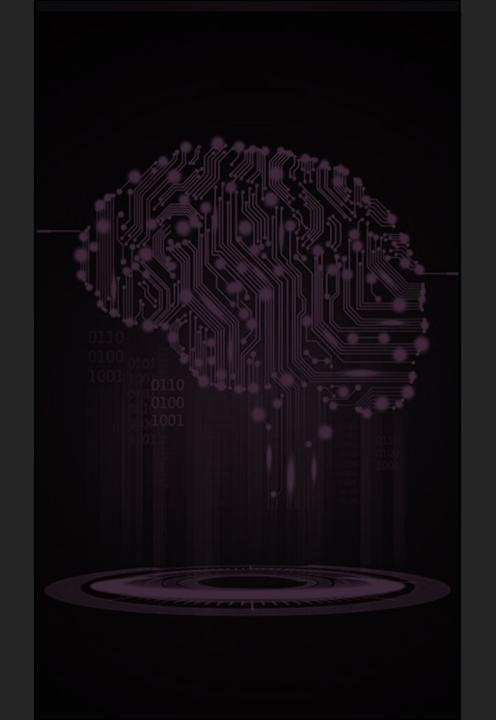
Robust machine reading of holograms



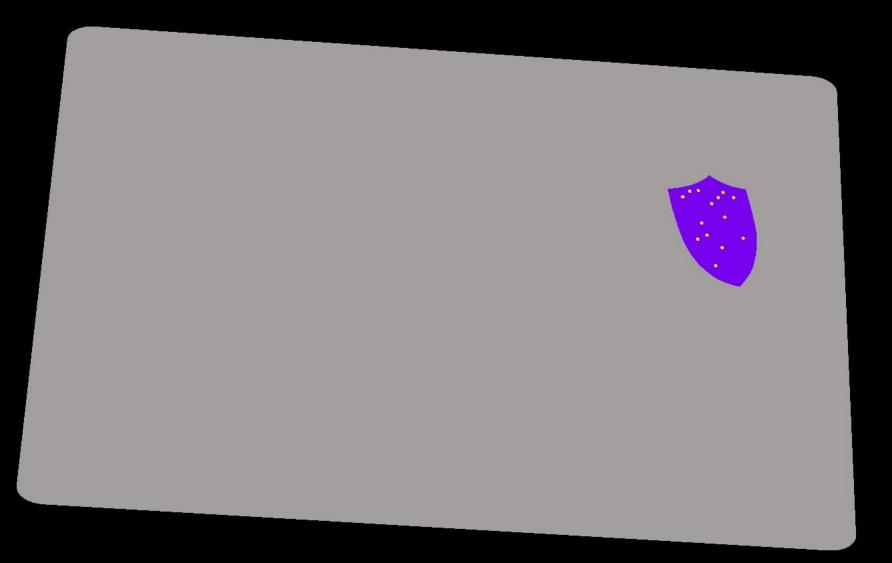
Generating of image (hologram) hashes



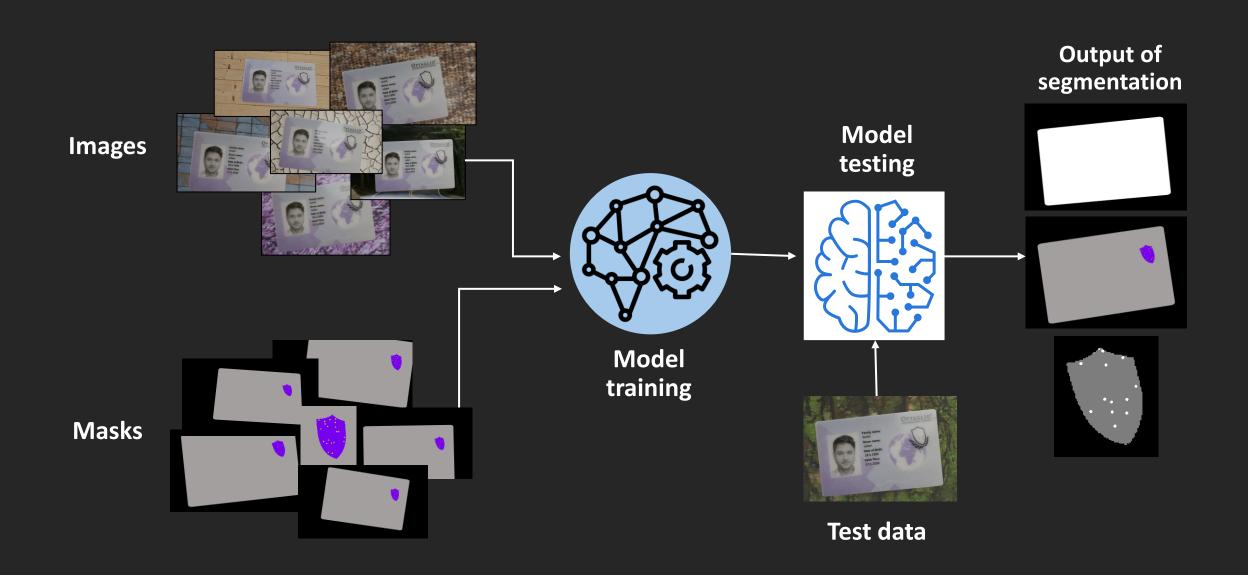
Storing of hashes in the database



Dataset



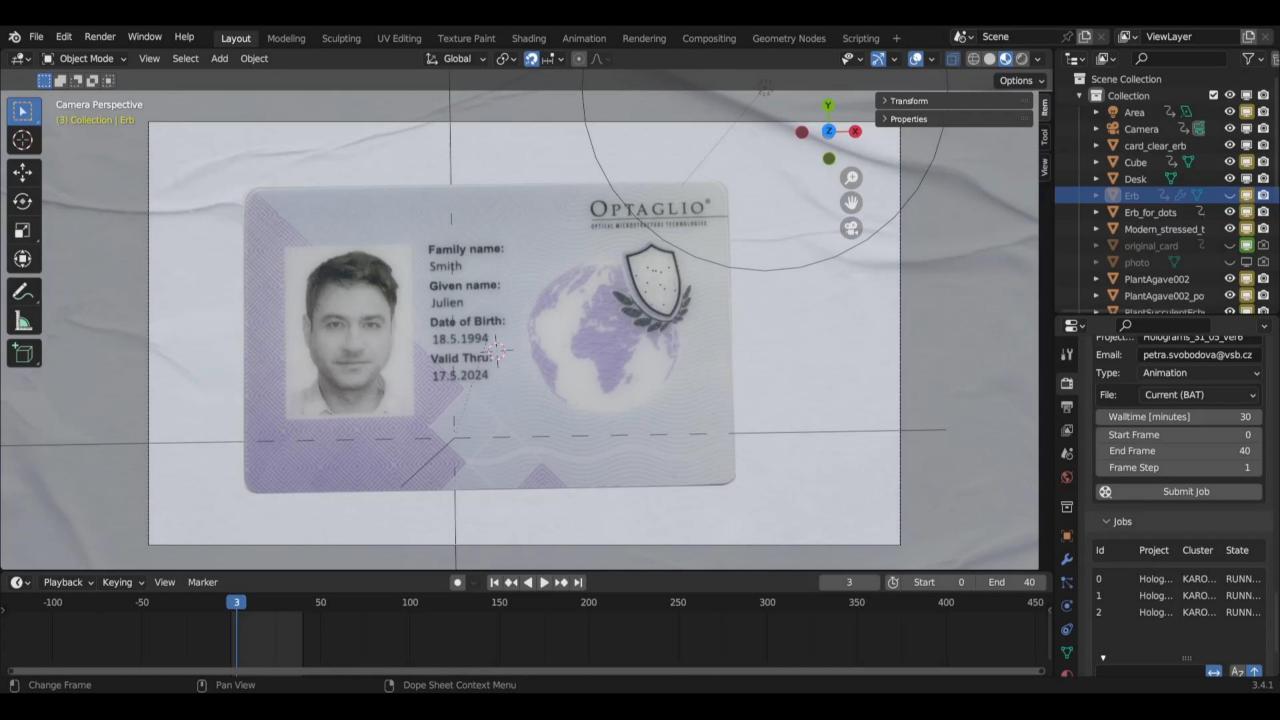
How do Neural Networks work?



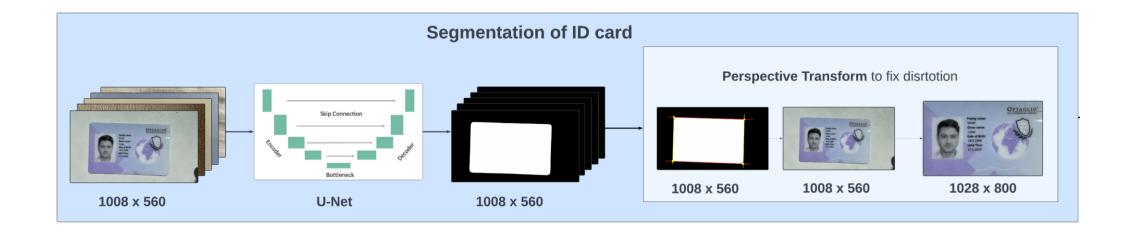
Synthetic Dataset

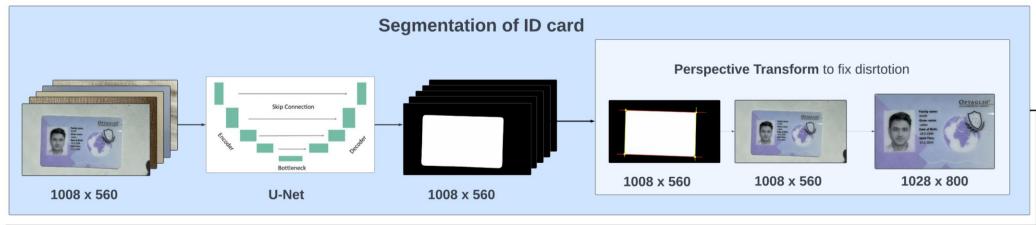
- The entire scene is **simulated in Blender**
- The scene is **parametrized** to generate micro-holograms with different densities and distributions
- The intensity and position of lights also changes
- The camera is moving and slightly rotating
- The scene is captured from different angles of view
- We can generate vast amount of synthetic data for training of Al networks

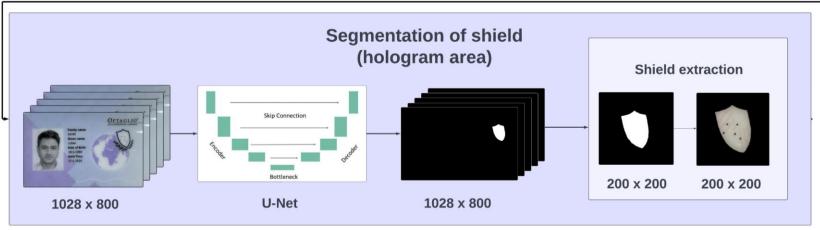


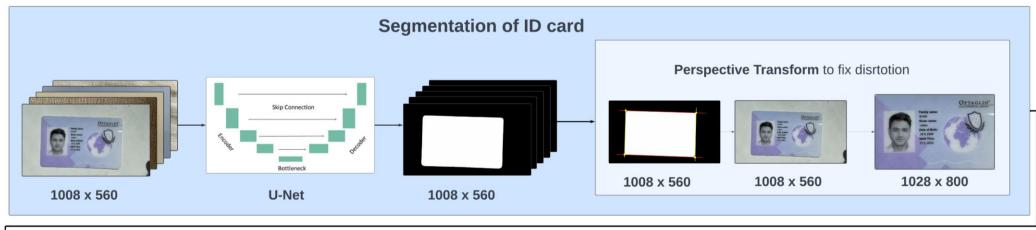


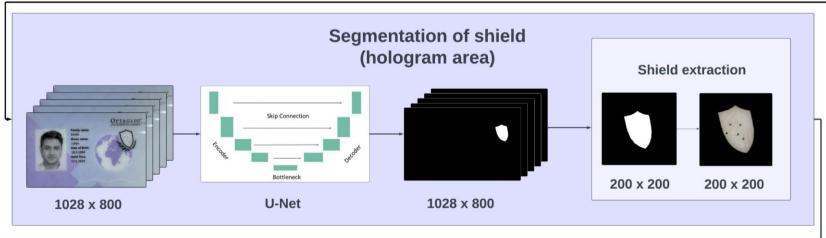
Methodology

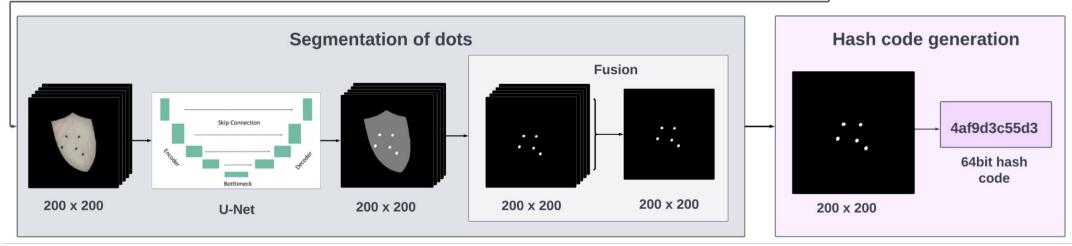




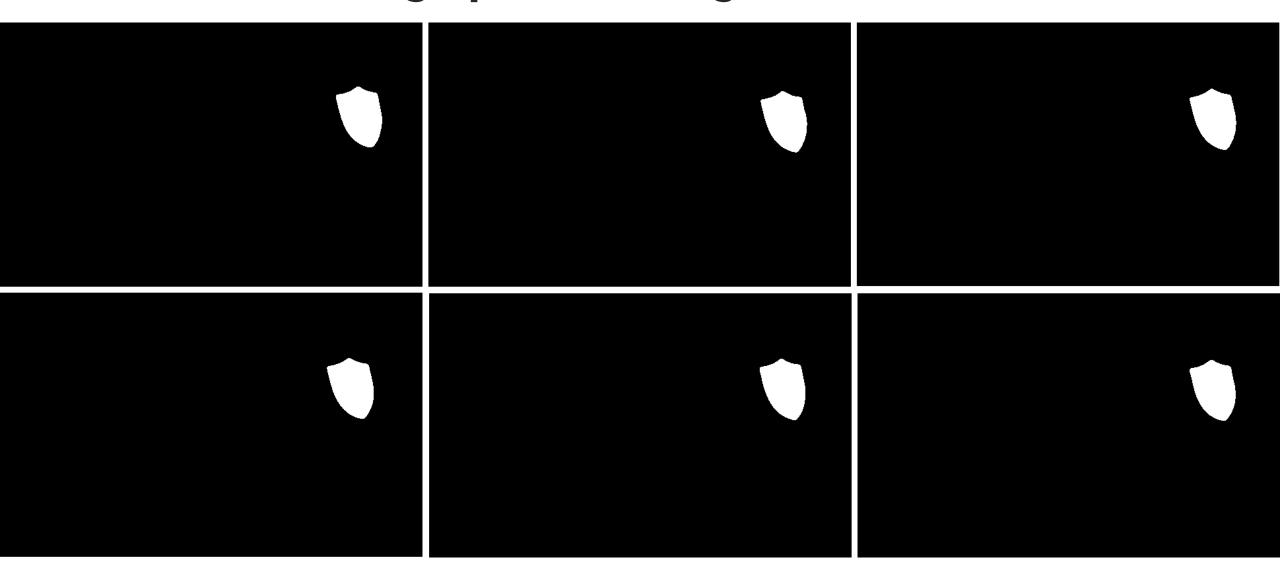




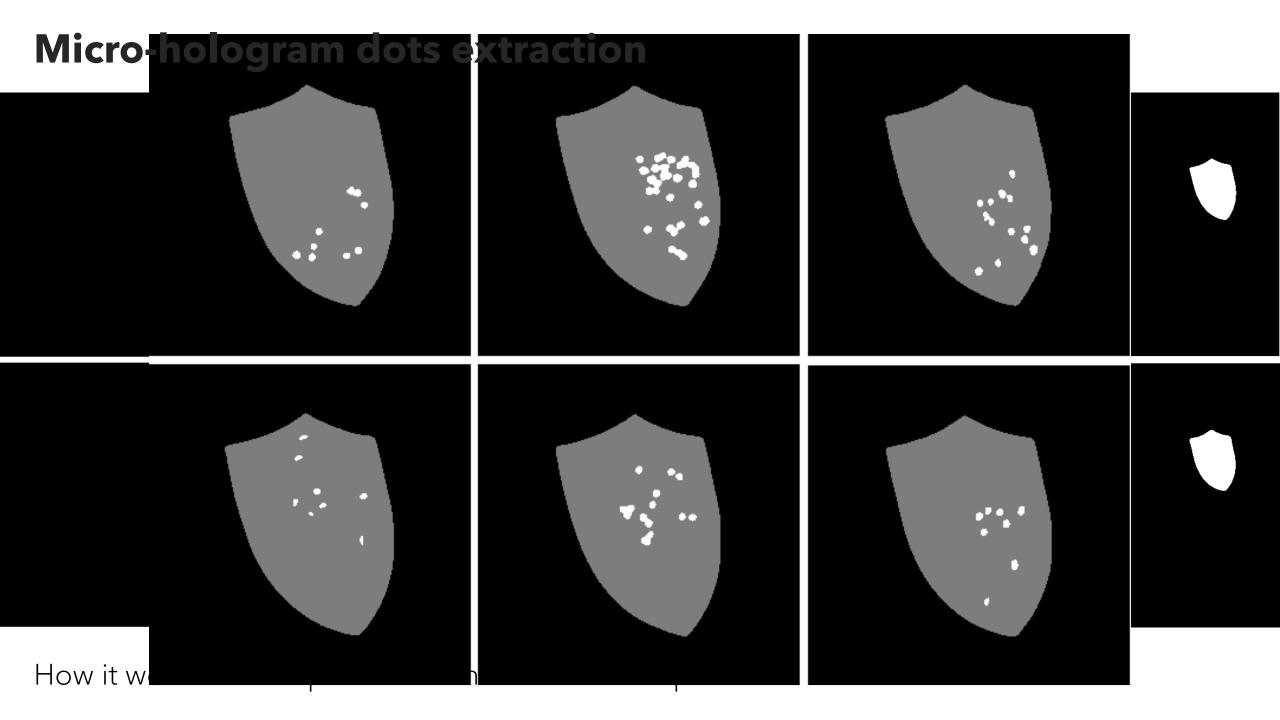


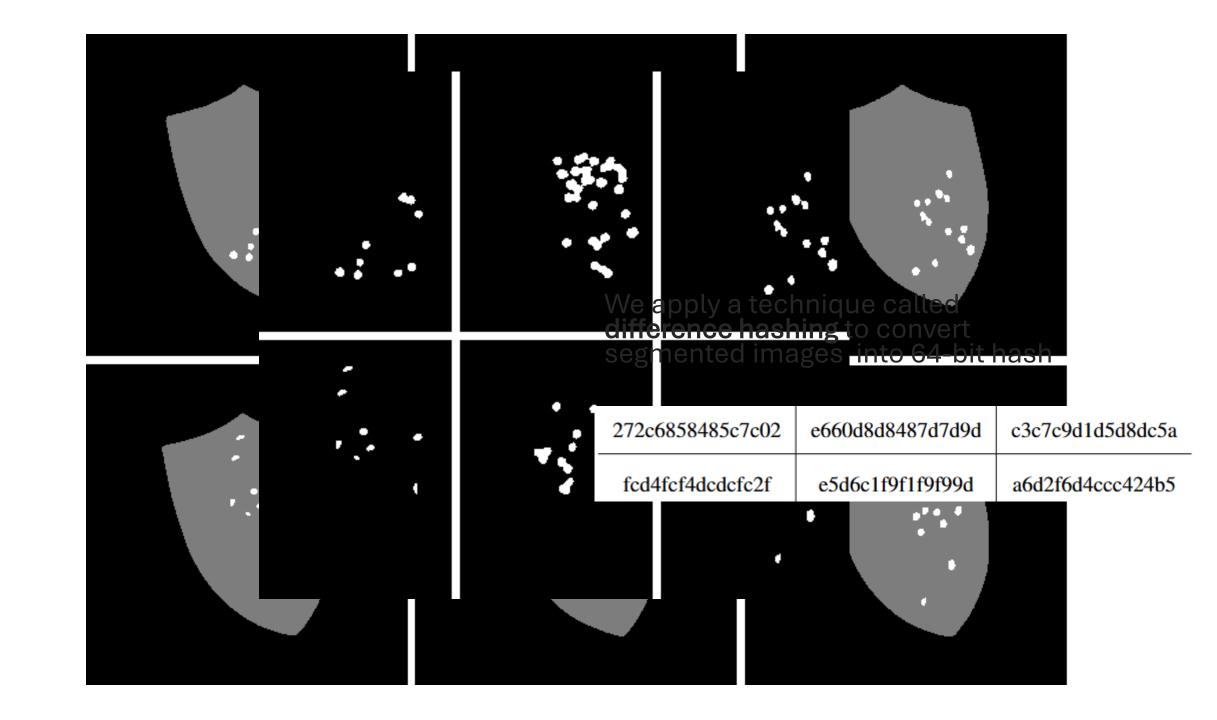


Card & shield (holographic area) segmentation



How it works on real photos taken with a mobile phone

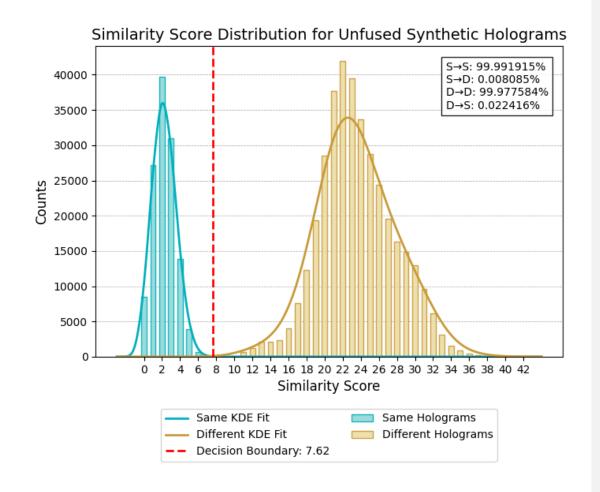




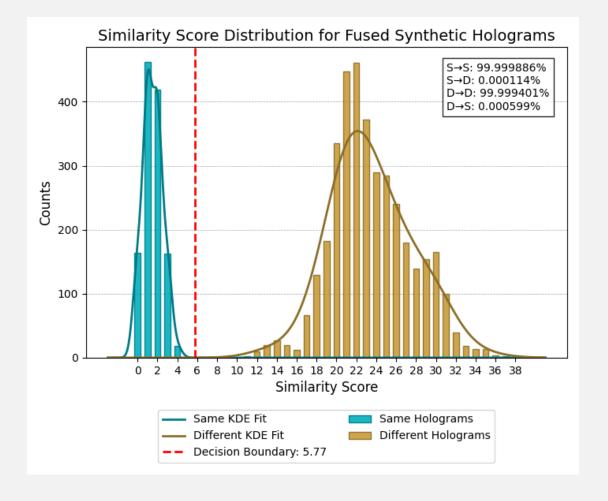
Does it really work?

Synthetic Dataset

DISTRIBUTION OF SIMILARITY SCORES

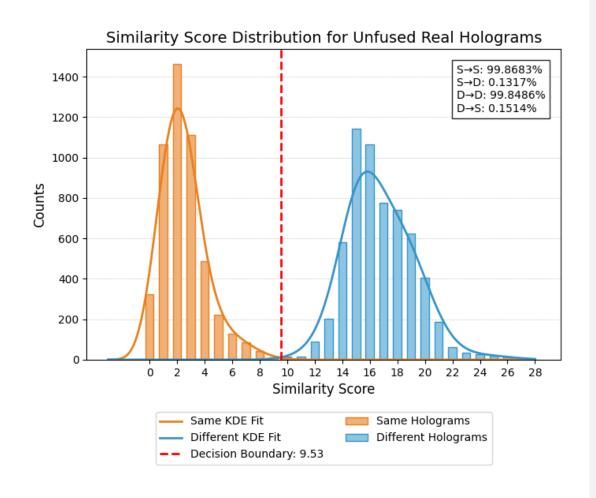


FUSION = stack of ten images

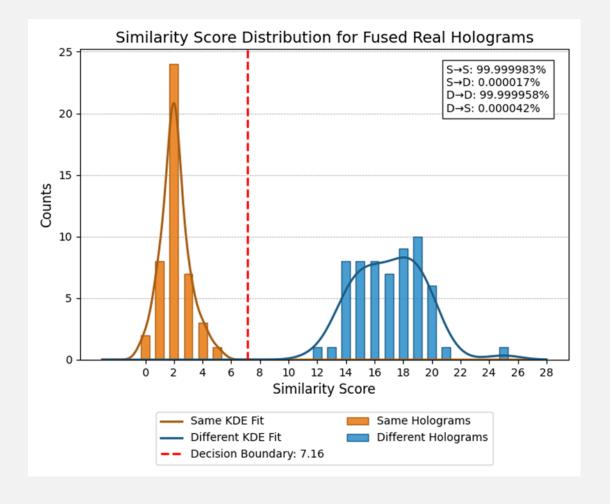


Real Dataset

DISTRIBUTION OF SIMILARITY SCORES



FUSION = stack of ten images



OPEN-28-64

- Synthetic dataset rendering was distributed across HPC nodes using BHeappe to parallelize Blender rendering tasks
- Training and evaluation of three independent U-Net models (ID card, shield, and micro-dot segmentation) were executed on GPU-accelerated compute nodes
 - Typical training jobs used 4–8 GPUs per job, with runs spanning 50–180 epochs depending on the model
 - The full training campaign required hundreds of GPU-hours

Thank you for your attention.